

**UPPER THAMES RIVER  
CONSERVATION AUTHORITY  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2024**

**SEEBACH & COMPANY**  
*Chartered Professional Accountants*

## MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

---

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (the "Authority") are the responsibility of the Authority's management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, as described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Authority's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded from loss, transactions are properly authorized and recorded, and reliable information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These statements are monitored and evaluated by the Authority's management. The Board of Directors meets with management and the external auditor to review the financial statements and discuss and significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval.

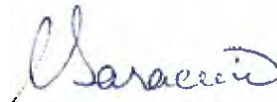
The financial statements have been audited by Seebach & Company, independent external auditors appointed by the Authority. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Authority's financial statements.

UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY



---

Tracy Annett, MCIP, RPP  
General Manager / Secretary-Treasurer



---

Christine Saracino, CPA, MBA  
Supervisor, Finance and Accounting

May 27, 2025

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

---

To the Members of Upper Thames River Conservation Authority

### *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Upper Thames River Conservation Authority ("the Authority"), which are comprised of the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as at December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAB).

### *Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### *Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Authority or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process.

### *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Authority to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*Seebach & Company*

Chartered Professional Accountants  
Licensed Public Accountants

Clinton, Ontario  
May 27, 2025

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

<b>For the year ended December 31</b>	<b>2024 Budget</b>	<b>2024 Actual</b>	<b>2023 Actual</b>
<b>Revenue</b>			
Municipal general levy (pre-2024)	513,899	<b>233,056</b>	5,774,715
Dam and flood control levy (pre-2024)	105,570	<b>143,673</b>	1,985,259
General distribution levy	6,640,289	<b>6,679,067</b>	-
Benefit based levy	2,397,359	<b>1,656,597</b>	-
Conservation areas	4,776,982	<b>4,927,916</b>	4,568,863
Land and asset management	2,212,564	<b>2,486,699</b>	2,686,972
Fees for service	2,779,856	<b>2,490,474</b>	2,266,322
Provincial transfer payments			
Ministry of Natural Resources Section 39 grants	181,213	<b>181,213</b>	181,213
Other provincial grants	2,002,111	<b>1,498,221</b>	1,201,702
Donations	26,500	<b>777,287</b>	35,190
Federal program funding	2,680,709	<b>1,456,762</b>	312,438
Other	667,050	<b>1,068,646</b>	871,761
	<u>24,984,102</u>	<u><b>23,599,611</b></u>	<u>19,884,435</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Campground operations	6,573,692	<b>4,141,470</b>	4,151,943
Water & information management	6,520,647	<b>4,225,802</b>	3,557,369
Lands, facilities and conservation areas	4,078,538	<b>3,600,072</b>	3,240,361
Integrated watershed management	4,035,306	<b>2,882,203</b>	2,608,089
Community partnerships	1,522,032	<b>1,585,946</b>	1,781,755
Source water protection	585,068	<b>644,955</b>	581,565
Environmental planning & regulations	2,728,035	<b>2,674,684</b>	2,536,525
Service cost centres	2,352,696	<b>1,856,244</b>	700,479
	<u>28,396,014</u>	<u><b>21,611,376</b></u>	<u>19,158,086</u>
<b>Annual surplus (deficit)</b>	(3,411,912)	<b>1,988,235</b>	726,349
<b>Accumulated surplus, beginning of year</b>	<u>47,396,766</u>	<u><b>47,396,766</b></u>	<u>46,670,417</u>
<b>Accumulated surplus, end of year (note 6)</b>	<u><u>\$ 43,984,854</u></u>	<u><u><b>\$ 49,385,001</b></u></u>	<u><u>\$ 47,396,766</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

<b>As at December 31</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Cash	1,596,702	815,631
Accounts receivable	1,095,156	903,340
Investments (note 3)	<u>17,499,800</u>	<u>15,502,627</u>
	<u>20,191,658</u>	<u>17,221,598</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,445,593	1,046,941
Deferred revenue	<u>10,400,236</u>	<u>9,289,323</u>
	<u>11,845,829</u>	<u>10,336,264</u>
<b>NET FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>	<b>8,345,829</b>	6,885,334
<b>NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
Tangible capital assets, net (note 5, schedule C)	40,865,061	40,331,502
Prepaid expenses and deposits	151,269	158,626
Inventories	<u>22,842</u>	<u>21,304</u>
<b>ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (note 6)</b>	<b><u>\$ 49,385,001</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 47,396,766</u></b>

On behalf of the Board:

W Dean Tremblay, Chair

Jimmy Smith, General Manager

U Saracino, Supervisor of Finance

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS**

For the year ended December 31	2024	2023
Annual surplus (deficit)	1,988,235	726,349
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,477,655	1,370,989
Net acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,013,948)	(2,810,424)
Loss (gain) on sale of tangible capital assets	(31,316)	19,231
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	34,050	63,313
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits	7,357	51,003
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,538)	(4,276)
<b>Increase (decrease) in net financial assets</b>	<b>1,460,495</b>	<b>(583,815)</b>
<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>6,885,334</b>	<b>7,469,149</b>
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b><u>\$ 8,345,829</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 6,885,334</u></b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended December 31	2024	2023
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Annual surplus (deficit)	1,988,235	726,349
Amortization expense not requiring cash outlay	1,477,655	1,370,989
Loss (gain) on sale of tangible capital assets	(31,316)	19,231
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(191,816)	347,927
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	398,652	150,696
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	1,110,913	44,496
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits	7,357	51,003
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,538)	(4,276)
Cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>4,758,142</u>	<u>2,706,415</u>
<b>Capital activities</b>		
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	34,050	63,313
Net disposals (purchases) of tangible capital assets	<u>(2,013,948)</u>	<u>(2,810,424)</u>
Cash provided by (used for) capital activities	<u>(1,979,898)</u>	<u>(2,747,111)</u>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Disposal (purchase) of investments, net	<u>(1,997,173)</u>	<u>(556,617)</u>
Cash provided by (used for) investing activities	<u>(1,997,173)</u>	<u>(556,617)</u>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash position</b>	<b>781,071</b>	<b>(597,313)</b>
<b>Cash (overdraft) beginning of year</b>	<u>815,631</u>	<u>1,412,944</u>
<b>Cash (overdraft) end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,596,702</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 815,631</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

---

**For the year ended December 31, 2024**

---

**1. Description of the business**

The Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (the "Authority") is established under the Conservation Authority Act of Ontario to further the conservation, restoration, development and management of natural resources, other than gas, oil, coal and minerals for the subwatersheds within its area of jurisdiction.

**2. Significant accounting policies**

The financial statements have been prepared by the management of the Authority in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for organizations operating in the local government sector as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Significant aspects of accounting policies adopted by the Authority are as follows:

a) Accrual basis of accounting

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and measurable, and recognizes expenditures as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

b) Investments

Investments are recorded at cost unless there is a reduction in market value that is determined to be other than temporary, at which time they would be written down to market.

c) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Historical cost includes the costs directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of tangible capital assets. Cost includes overheads directly attributable to construction and development.

The cost, less estimated residual value, of the tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Useful Life</b>
Land	not applicable
Land improvements	10 - 30 years
Buildings	15 - 50 years
Infrastructure	15 - 50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Flood control structures	20 - 80 years
Information technology	3 - 20 years

Amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Construction in progress is not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(i) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(ii) Natural resources

Natural resources that have not been purchased are not recognized as assets in the financial statements.

**2. Significant accounting policies** (continued)

d) Contributed capital assets

Contributed capital assets are recognized as assets and revenue, or deferred revenue, at fair value at the time they are received.

e) Contaminated sites

Under PS 3260, contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. This standard relates to sites that are not in productive use and sites in productive use where an unexpected event resulted in contamination.

f) Deferred revenue

Revenue restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and not available for Authority purposes is reported as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position. The revenue is reported on the statement of financial activities in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

g) Revenue recognition

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized in revenue when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

h) Government transfers

Government transfer payments are recognized as revenue in the financial statements in the year in which the payment is authorized and the events giving rise to the transfer occur, performance criteria are met, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. Funding that is stipulated to be used for specific purposes is only recognized as revenue in the fiscal year that the related expenses are incurred or services performed. If funding is received for which the related expenses have not yet been incurred or services performed, these amounts are recorded as a liability at year end. To the extent that stipulations by the transferor give rise to an obligation that meet the definition of a liability, government transfers are recognized as revenue as the liability is extinguished.

i) Accumulated surplus and reserves

Appropriations are made from operations and accumulated surplus to reserves for future expenditures and contingencies for such amounts as required by various cost sharing arrangements, provincial restrictions and are deemed appropriate, and upon approval of the Board of Directors.

j) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period, and the accompanying notes. Key components of the financial statements requiring management to make estimates include the amortization rates for tangible capital assets and the establishment of certain accruals. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**3. Investments**

Investments are comprised of the following:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
Fixed income	\$ 10,779,304	\$ 11,028,049	\$ 9,029,498	\$ 8,871,079
Equity investments	<u>6,720,496</u>	<u>8,020,381</u>	<u>6,473,129</u>	<u>6,940,999</u>
	<u>\$ 17,499,800</u>	<u>\$ 19,048,430</u>	<u>\$ 15,502,627</u>	<u>\$ 15,812,078</u>

Fixed income investments consist of term deposits and guaranteed investment certificates with maturities ranging from January 10, 2025 to October 20, 2031. Interest rates on the investments range from 1.1% to 5.26%. Fixed income and equity investments are recorded on the statement of financial position at cost.

**4. Other liabilities**

The Authority is the lead agency in the source water protection fund, whereby funds are received by the Authority for the other parties to the arrangement. Each party is entitled to its pro-rata share of funding which is for the purpose of source water protection.

**5. Tangible capital assets**

For additional information, see the Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets information on the tangible capital assets of the Authority by major class, as well as for accumulated amortization of the assets controlled.

**6. Accumulated surplus**

The accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus/(deficit) amounts and reserve and reserve funds as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Surplus		
Invested in tangible assets	\$ 40,865,061	\$ 40,331,502
Unrestricted net assets surplus (deficit)	<u>228,420</u>	<u>(2,259,093)</u>
	41,093,481	38,072,409
Reserves set aside for specific purposes of the Authority		
Operating and/or capital reserves (Schedule B)	2,308,147	3,595,446
Reserve funds set aside for specific purposes by the Authority		
Restricted reserves (Schedule B)	<u>5,983,373</u>	<u>5,728,911</u>
	<u>\$ 49,385,001</u>	<u>\$ 47,396,766</u>

For additional information, see the Schedule of Continuity of Reserves and Reserve Funds.

## 7. Pension plan agreements

The Authority makes contributions to a multi-employer pension plan on behalf of members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. The amount contributed for 2024 was \$1,012,416 (2023 : \$883,208) for current services and is included as an expenditure on the statement of operations.

The contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employers Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, are expensed when contributions are due. Any pension surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the Authority does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit.

## 8. Financial instrument risk management

### Credit risk

The Authority is exposed to credit risk through its cash, trade and other receivables, and short-term investments. There is the possibility of non-collection of its trade and other receivables. The majority of the Authority's receivables are from users and government entities. For trade and other receivables, the Authority measures impairment based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. For amounts outstanding considered doubtful or uncollectible, an impairment allowance is setup.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Authority has a planning and a budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Authority's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Authority ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates or interest rates will affect the Authority's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing return on investments.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Authority is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the variable rate of temporary borrowings and long-term liabilities and the value of fixed rate long-term liabilities.

There has been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure risks.

## 9. Segmented information

The UTRCA's programs and services have been divided into three categories as of 2024, consistent with Section 21 of the Conservation Authorities Act and as required by Mandatory Programs and Services Regulation O.Reg. 686/21:

- Category 1 - Mandatory programs and services defined in regulation that may be funded with municipal levy.
- Category 2 - Programs and services delivered at the request of a municipality, with funding under agreement with the benefiting municipality.
- Category 3 - Other programs and services that the Authority determines are advisable to implement within our watershed jurisdiction. These programs and services are funded through cost apportionment agreements with participating municipalities and self-generated funding sources such as user fees, grants from governments and other agencies, donations, etc.

The Category 1 mandatory programs and services include:

- Planning and regulations
  - Regulations and enforcement under the CA Act (Prohibited Activities, Exemptions and Permits)
  - Planning activities
- Water management
  - Flood forecasting and warning
  - Infrastructure operations and maintenance
  - Mapping, studies, and information management
  - Climate change risk and mitigation
  - Low water response
  - Natural hazards outreach programs
- Land management
  - Land management, risk, enforcement
  - Lands strategy implementation (strategy completed in 2024)
  - Public access on UTRCA lands for passive recreation
  - Natural heritage conservation on UTRCA lands
- Provincial water monitoring
- Drinking water source protection
- Watershed strategy implementation (strategy completed in 2024)
- Essential corporate costs

For additional information, see the schedule of operations by category.

## 10. Budget amounts

Under Canadian public sector accounting standards, budget amounts are to be reported on the statement of operations for comparative purposes. The 2024 budget amounts for the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority approved by the Membership are unaudited and have been restated to conform to the basis of presentation of the revenues and expenditures on the consolidated statement of activities.

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**  
**Schedule A - Service Cost Centres**

For the year ended December 31	2024 Budget	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
<b>Recoveries from mission cost centres</b>	<u>3,401,700</u>	<u>2,860,287</u>	<u>4,476,340</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Occupancy	1,314,851	<b>846,388</b>	819,266
Information systems	1,069,764	<b>862,855</b>	865,405
Administration	970,938	<b>940,585</b>	787,508
Finance & human resources	957,766	<b>924,298</b>	1,275,019
Long-term investment	43,000	<b>47,400</b>	43,569
Marketing and communications	368,983	<b>407,231</b>	667,189
Vehicles and equipment	1,029,094	<b>687,774</b>	718,863
	<u>5,754,396</u>	<u><b>4,716,531</b></u>	<u>5,176,819</u>
	<u>(\$ 2,352,696)</u>	<u><b>(\$ 1,856,244)</b></u>	<u>(\$ 700,479)</u>

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**  
**Schedule B - Continuity of Reserves and Reserve Funds**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Balance, beginning of year	Appropriations To (From) Reserves	Balance, end of year
<b>Restricted reserves</b>			
Flood control	3,482,209	(1,256,482)	2,225,727
Donor designated memorial forests	46,039	(3,660)	42,379
Harrington Grist Mill	36,339	3,702	40,041
Land disposition/acquisition reserve	30,859	(30,859)	-
	<u>3,595,446</u>	<u>(1,287,299)</u>	<u>2,308,147</u>
<b>Operating and/or capital reserves</b>			
Capital building, fleet and equipment replacement	851,493	(851,493)	-
General operating reserves	584,927	11,939	596,866
Defined purpose reserves	4,292,491	1,094,016	5,386,507
	<u>5,728,911</u>	<u>254,462</u>	<u>5,983,373</u>
	<u>\$ 9,324,357</u>	<u>(1,032,837)</u>	<u>\$ 8,291,520</u>

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**  
**Schedule C - Tangible Capital Assets**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Infrastructure	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Flood Control Structures	Information Technology Equipment	Construction in Progress	TOTAL Net Book Value 2024	TOTAL Net Book Value 2023
<b>Cost</b>											
Balance, beginning of year	15,025,902	3,198,635	16,753,375	7,894,031	792,803	2,407,340	23,241,725	867,430	112,783	<b>70,294,024</b>	67,718,816
Add: Additions during the year	1,021,758	64,406	92,384	79,549	38,291	260,664	328,882	119,851	8,163	<b>2,013,948</b>	2,810,424
Less: Disposals during the year						(88,983)				<b>(88,983)</b>	(235,216)
Other: WIP transfers							103,963		(103,963)	<b>-</b>	-
Balance, end of year	<u>16,047,660</u>	<u>3,263,041</u>	<u>16,845,759</u>	<u>7,973,580</u>	<u>831,094</u>	<u>2,579,021</u>	<u>23,674,570</u>	<u>987,281</u>	<u>16,983</u>	<b><u>72,218,989</u></b>	<u>70,294,024</u>
<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>											
Balance, beginning of year		1,394,856	5,345,738	7,003,817	702,382	1,606,767	13,255,313	653,649		<b>29,962,522</b>	28,744,205
Add: Amortization during the year		101,989	355,855	32,857	19,542	173,975	731,598	61,839		<b>1,477,655</b>	1,370,989
Less: Accumulated amortization						(86,249)				<b>(86,249)</b>	(152,672)
Balance, end of year	<u>-</u>	<u>1,496,845</u>	<u>5,701,593</u>	<u>7,036,674</u>	<u>721,924</u>	<u>1,694,493</u>	<u>13,986,911</u>	<u>715,488</u>	<u>-</u>	<b><u>31,353,928</u></b>	<u>29,962,522</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>											
on disposals											
<b>of Tangible Capital Assets</b>	<u>16,047,660</u>	<u>1,766,196</u>	<u>11,144,166</u>	<u>936,906</u>	<u>109,170</u>	<u>884,528</u>	<u>9,687,659</u>	<u>271,793</u>	<u>16,983</u>	<b><u>\$ 40,865,061</u></b>	<u>\$ 40,331,502</u>

**UPPER THAMES RIVER CONSERVATION AUTHORITY**  
**Schedule D - Operations by Category**

For the year ended December 31	<u>Category 1</u> YTD Actual	<u>Category 2</u> YTD Actual	<u>Category 3</u> YTD Actual	<u>Campgrounds</u> YTD Actual	<u>Total</u> YTD Actual
<b>Revenues</b>					
Municipal Levy + Cost Apportionments	7,721,351	-	623,512	-	8,344,863
Municipal Levy amortized from deferrals	256,751	-	72,067	38,712	367,530
Provincial Transfer Payment - CA Act	181,213	-	-	-	181,213
Provincial Transfer Payment - Clean Water Act	644,955	-	-	-	644,955
Municipal Contracts	90,496	1,229,832	204,988	286,670	1,811,986
Provincial Contracts	652,740	-	200,527	-	853,267
Federal Grants and Contracts	682,749	5,353	752,603	16,057	1,456,762
Land Management Agreements	442,033	(65,728)	715,694	218,780	1,310,779
User Fees	815,535	-	914,060	4,968,427	6,698,022
Donations and Other	811,494	-	131,103	76,127	1,018,724
Investment Revenue	911,510	-	-	-	911,510
	<u>13,210,827</u>	<u>1,169,457</u>	<u>3,614,554</u>	<u>5,604,773</u>	<u>23,599,611</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
Wages and Benefits	9,383,768	691,109	2,084,430	2,018,811	14,178,118
Property Related	807,157	58,096	366,977	844,361	2,076,591
Technical and Consulting Services	722,306	28,515	242,869	190,366	1,184,056
Computers and Communications	431,042	20,968	34,401	23,180	509,591
Insurance and Risk Management	371,434	1,870	16,054	94,677	484,035
Supplies	411,716	54,025	337,153	344,403	1,147,297
Travel and Other Personnel Expenses	126,468	22,394	20,251	63,927	233,040
Fleet Related	160,746	-	-	4,580	165,326
Banking Fees	18,345	-	-	-	18,345
Other Expenses	861	-	136,461	-	137,322
Depreciation Expenses	1,306,655	2,734	21,026	147,240	1,477,655
Allocated Costs	(1,205,630)	233,145	561,632	410,853	-
	<u>12,534,868</u>	<u>1,112,856</u>	<u>3,821,254</u>	<u>4,142,398</u>	<u>21,611,376</u>
<b>Annual surplus (deficit) from operations</b>	<u>675,959</u>	<u>56,601</u>	<u>(206,700)</u>	<u>1,462,375</u>	<u>1,988,235</u>