

# Embro Dam Class Environmental Assessment

## UTRCA Board Meeting

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# Agenda

- Environmental Assessment Study
- PRELIMINARY Project Implementation Plan
- Next Steps



# Environmental Assessment Study



# STUDY LOCATION

Embro Dam was acquired by UTRCA in 1958 and reconstructed in 1959. The dam is located on Spring Creek, also known as Youngsville Drain, and is a tributary of North Branch Creek.

The dam controls a drainage area of 7 km<sup>2</sup> of mostly agricultural lands, forming a small reservoir of approximately 0.8 ha with an estimated volume of 30,000 m<sup>3</sup>.

The dam structure consists of a 100 m long earthen embankment, 4.5 m approx. height, with a concrete bottom draw inlet with an inverted V-shaped trash-rack anchored to the top of the outlet. An emergency spillway is located on the east embankment.



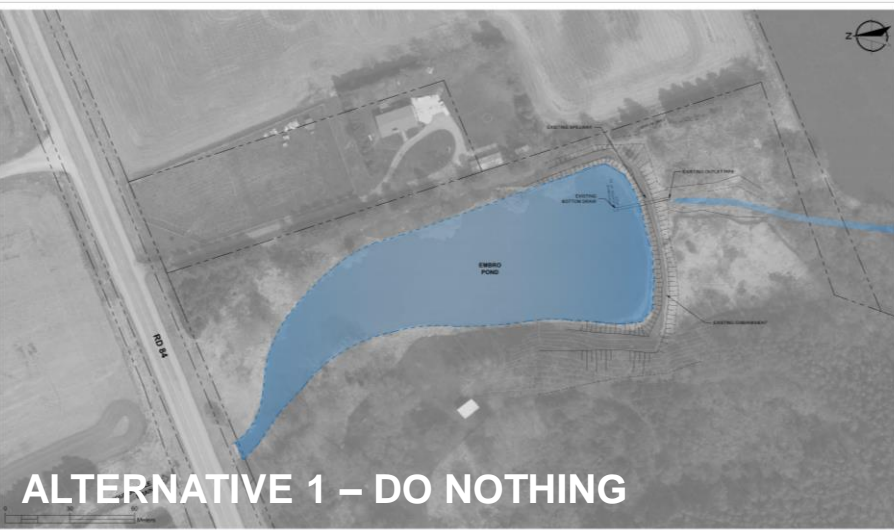
# PROJECT HISTORY AND PROBLEM STATEMENT

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- Dam safety and stability assessment studies (2007/2008) identified related concerns with the structure
  - Most recent Dam Hazard Classification on the structure completed in 2015
  - Class EA project initially commenced in 2015
  - Draft EA project file report completed in 2017
  - Per comments received, UTRCA undertook additional cultural heritage assessments (2022)
  - EA process recommenced Fall 2022
  - EA updated and presented to Township and UTRCA Board (Winter 2023)
  - Community Liaison Committee established (meetings held late Summer and mid-Fall 2023)
  - Project implementation plan developed (Fall 2023 / Winter 2024)
  - Township of Zorra endorsed EA Study – 2024-01-17
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**Significant concerns related to the structural integrity and hydraulic capacity of the Embro Dam have been identified through recent engineering assessments.**

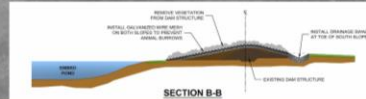
**A Class Environmental Assessment was initiated to evaluate a range of alternatives to address the identified issues in consideration of the environmental, social, economic, and technical aspects of the dam.**



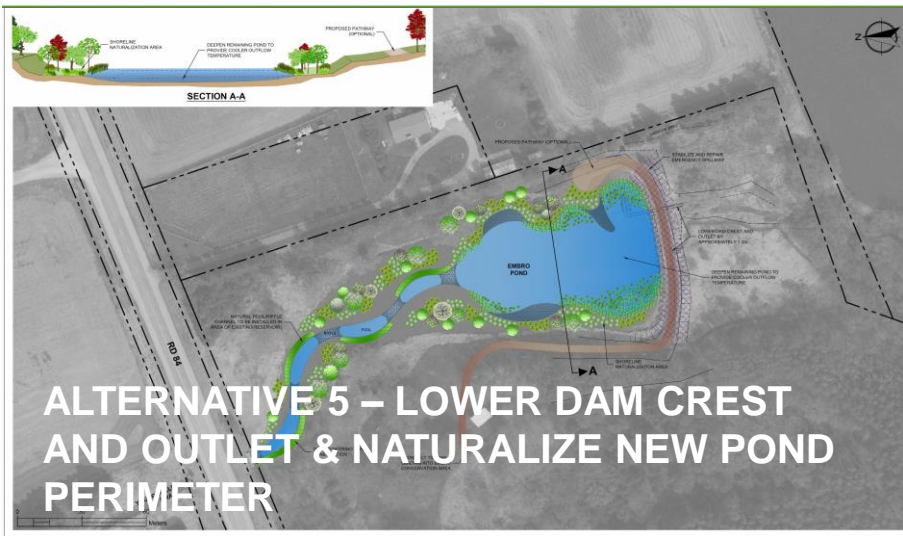
**ALTERNATIVE 1 – DO NOTHING**



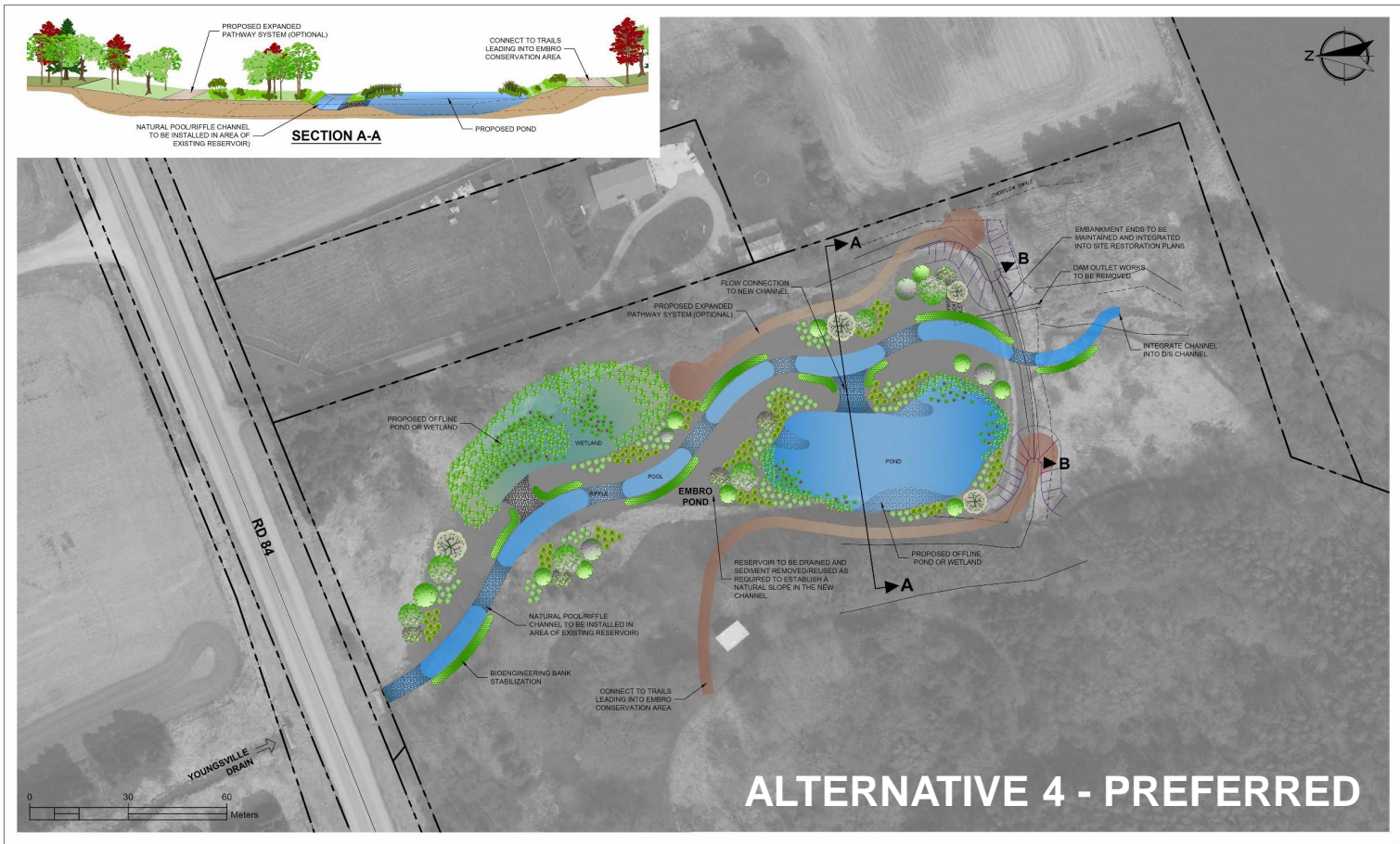
**ALTERNATIVE 2 – REPAIR / RECONSTRUCT EXISTING DAM**



**ALTERNATIVE 3 – REMOVE DAM & CONSTRUCT NATURAL CHANNEL**



**ALTERNATIVE 5 – LOWER DAM CREST AND OUTLET & NATURALIZE NEW POND PERIMETER**



# IMPACTS OF PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE

## Technical

- may interfere with nearby shallow groundwater wells
- eliminates dam safety hazard

## Environmental

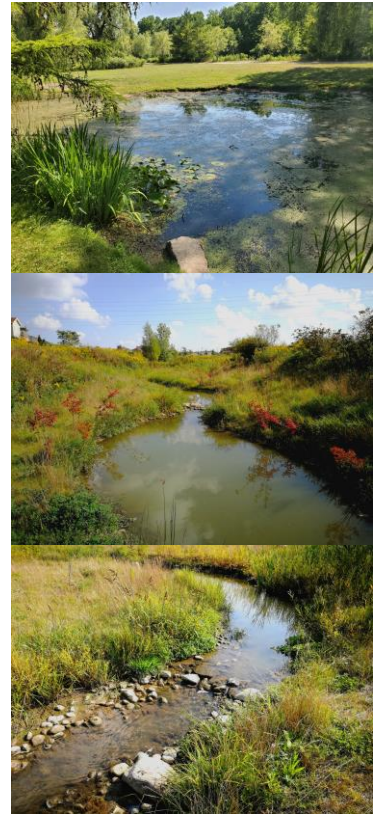
- enhances terrestrial corridor and vegetation diversity
- improved water cooling
- removes fish migration impediment, improve species diversity
- enhances aquatic habitat through channel restoration
- Re-adjustment to an unattenuated flow regime

## Social/ Cultural

- recreational opportunities will change
- loss of still water fishing and recreation boating
- possible trail enhancement, educational signage, and “birding”/viewing of wildlife species

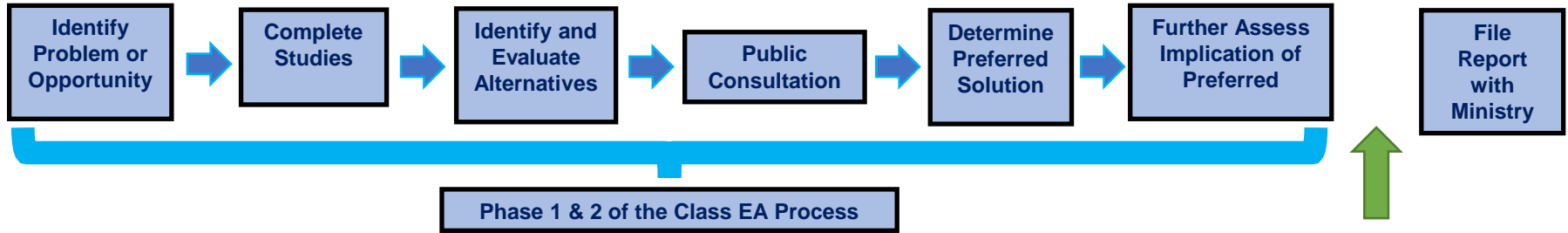
## Financial

- larger capital outlay, reduced short- and long-term operational costs





# CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PROCESS



## Conservation Ontario Class Environmental Assessment for Remedial Flood and Erosion Control Projects

If implementation is not initiated within 5 years of Project Approval, it will require review in accordance with the EA planning and design process and the preparation of new documentation.

# Project Implementation Plan - PRELIMINARY



# Planning Steps

- Technical Assessments
- Continued Consultation
- Detailed Design
- Permits and Approvals
- Implementation
  - Site preparation
  - Fish rescue
  - Phased removal
  - Post-construction Monitoring/Management





# Technical Studies

- Watershed hydrology review
- Archaeology – limited Stage 2
- Hydrogeology – adjacent wells (review records, monitor)
- Sediment characterization (if offsite transport required)
- Environmental – vegetation, reptiles

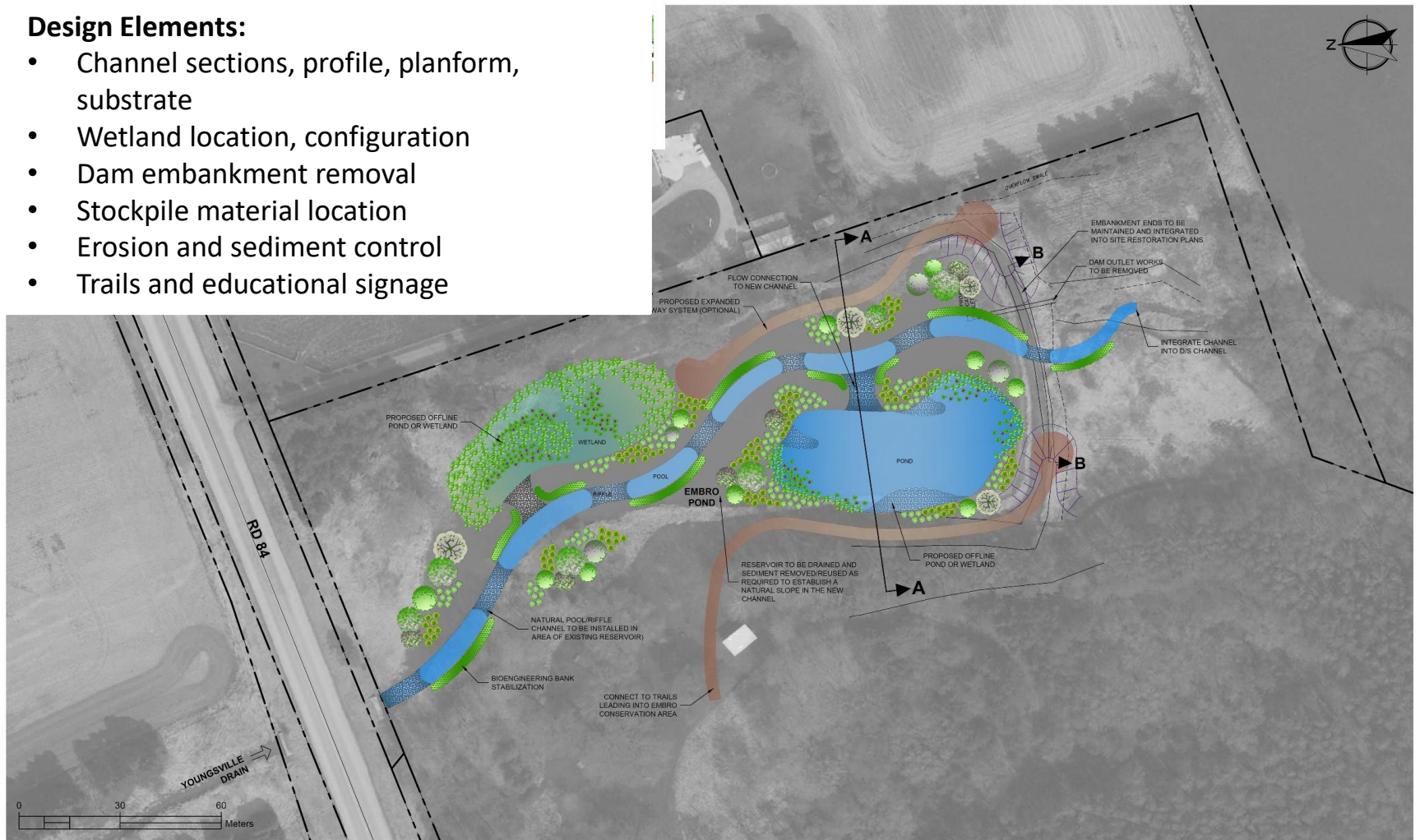
# Continued Consultation

- Indigenous communities
- Community Liaison Committee (CLC)
- Regulatory agencies (MNRF, DFO, MECP, MCM, UTRCA)



## Design Elements:

- Channel sections, profile, planform, substrate
- Wetland location, configuration
- Dam embankment removal
- Stockpile material location
- Erosion and sediment control
- Trails and educational signage



# Implementation Strategy

## Year 1 (UTRCA)

- Technical studies
- Agency consultation
- Staged removal of stoplogs within the outlet structure (late spring)
- Opportunity to seed exposed sediment during drawdown period
- Monitoring (UTRCA)

## Year 2 (estimated construction: \$80,000)

- Open-up dam embankment
- Construction of outlet channel
- Monitoring (UTRCA)

## Year 3 (estimated construction: \$60,000)

- Wetland
- Trail and Park amenities
- Monitoring (UTRCA)

**Note: for comparison, dam maintenance is projected to cost \$200,000 over the next 4 – 5 years, if Alternative 2 is selected.**

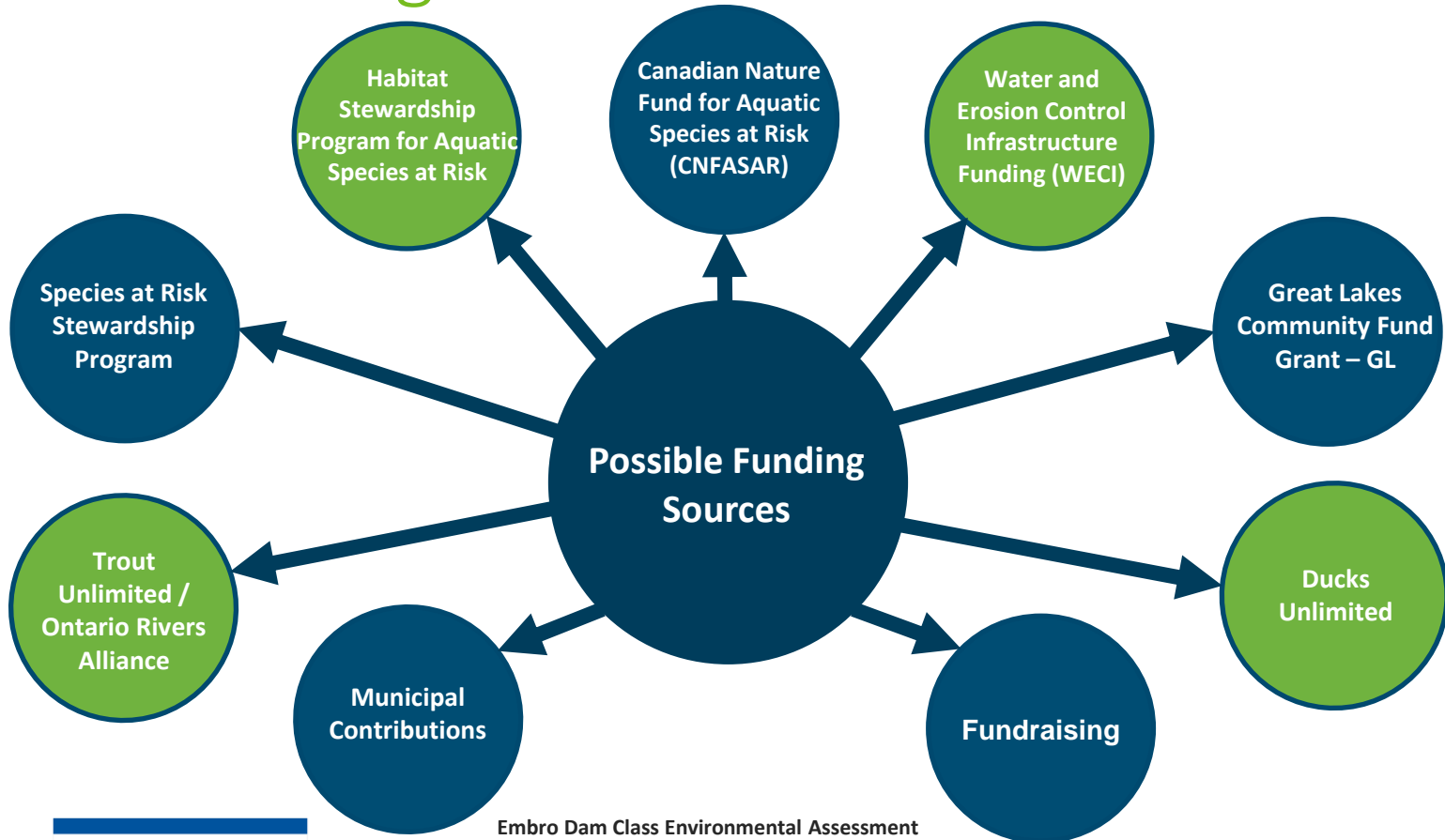
# Monitoring/Adaptive Management

- Ensure disturbed areas/exposed sediments are stabilized/planted
- Water wells
- Monitor new (in pond)/existing (upstream/downstream) watercourses:
  - Sections, profile
  - Recovery of aquatic habitat and fish populations (diversity, species)
- Invasive species management (e.g., phragmites)
- Longer-term planning





# Possible Funding Sources



# Next Steps

- Update Project Plan
- Finish and File EA
- Additional Studies
- Detailed Design
- Obtain Funding
- Construction
- Monitoring



## QUESTIONS?

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